



Product Description: T315HW02 TFT-LCD PANEL with RoHS guarantee

AUO Model Name: T315HW02 V9

Customer Part No/Project Name:

Customer Signature

Date

AUO

2008/5/22

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Document Version : 0.1

Date : 2009/05/22

Product Specifications

31.5" FHD Color TFT-LCD Module

Model Name: T315HW02 V9

(*) Preliminary Specifications

() Final Specifications



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Record of Revision

Version	Date	No	Old Description	New Description	Remark
0.1	2009/5/22		First issue		



1. General Description

This specification applies to the 31.5 inch Color TFT-LCD Module T315HW02 V9. This LCD module has a TFT active matrix type liquid crystal panel 1920x1080 pixels, and diagonal size of 31.5 inch. This module supports 1920x1080 HDTV mode (Non-interlace).

Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arranged in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the brightness of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot.

The T315HW02 V9 has been designed to apply the 8-bit 2 channel LVDS interface method. It is intended to support displays where high brightness, wide viewing angle, high color saturation, and high color depth are very important.

The T315HW02 V9 model is RoHS verified which can be distinguished on panel label.

* General Information

Items	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Screen Size	31.55 inches		
Display Area	698.4 (H) x 392.85 (V)	mm	
Outline Dimension	760.0(H) x 450.0(V) x 45(D)	mm	With inverter
Driver Element	a-Si TFT active matrix		
Display Colors	16.7M	Colors	
Number of Pixels	1920x1080	Pixel	
Pixel Pitch	0.36375	mm	
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe		
Display Mode	Normally Black		
Surface Treatment	SC, 3H		



2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause permanent damage to the unit.

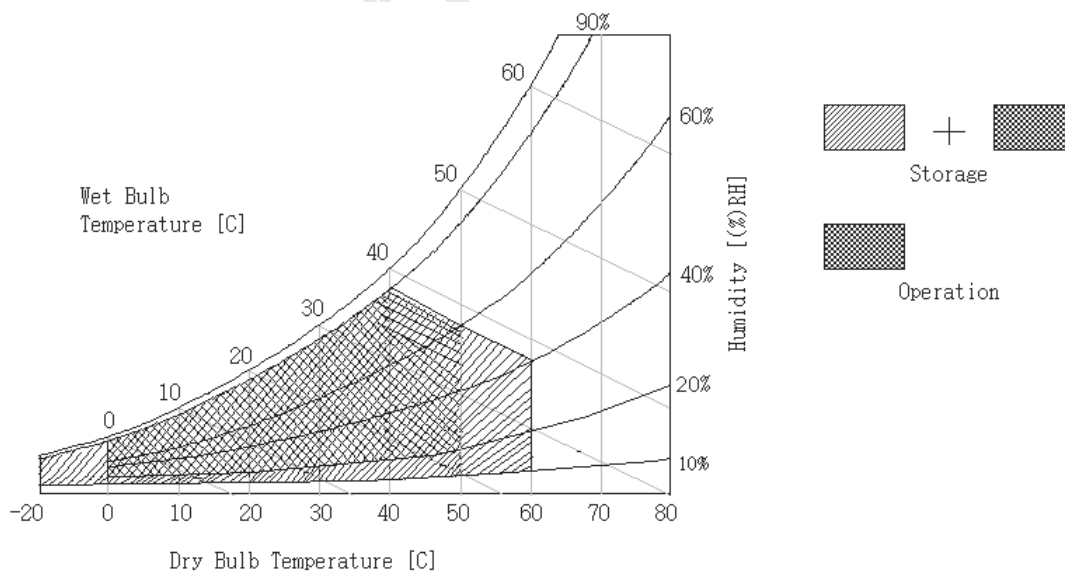
Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Conditions
Logic/LCD Drive Voltage	Vcc	-0.3	14	[Volt]	Note 1
Input Voltage of Signal	Vin	-0.3	3.6	[Volt]	Note 1
BLU Input Voltage	VDDDB	-0.3	28	[Volt]	Note 1
BLU Brightness Control Voltage	Vdim	-0.3	7.0	[Volt]	Note 1
Operating Temperature	TOP	0	+50	[°C]	Note 2
Operating Humidity	HOP	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Storage Temperature	TST	-20	+60	[°C]	Note 2
Storage Humidity	HST	10	90	[%RH]	Note 2
Panel Surface Temperature	PST		65	[°C]	Note 3

Note 1: Duration:50 msec.

Note 2 : Maximum Wet-Bulb should be 39°C and No condensation.

The relative humidity must not exceed 90% non-condensing at temperatures of 40°C or less. At temperatures greater than 40°C, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed 39°C.

Note 3: Surface temperature is measured at 50°C Dry condition





3. Electrical Specification

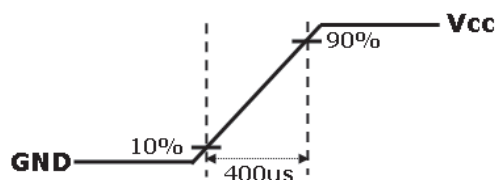
The T315HW02 V7 requires two power inputs. One is employed to power the LCD electronics and to drive the TFT array and liquid crystal. The second input power for the BLU, is to power inverter..

3-1 Electrical Characteristics

Parameter		Values			Unit	Notes
		Min	Typ	Max		
CD:						
Power Supply Input Voltage		Vcc	10.8	12	13.2	Vdc 1
Power Supply Input Current		Icc	-	0.65	0.75	A 2
Power Consumption		Pc	-	7.8	9	Watt 2
Inrush Current		I _{RUSH}	-	-	6	Apeak 3
LVDS Interface	Differential Input High Threshold Voltage	VTH			100	mV 4
	Differential Input Low Threshold Voltage	VTL	-100			mV 4
	Common Input Voltage	VCIM	1.10	1.25	1.40	V 4
CMOS Interface	Input High Threshold Voltage	VIH (High)	2.4		3.3	Vdc
	Input Low Threshold Voltage	VIL (Low)	0		0.7	Vdc
Life Time			50,000			Hours 6

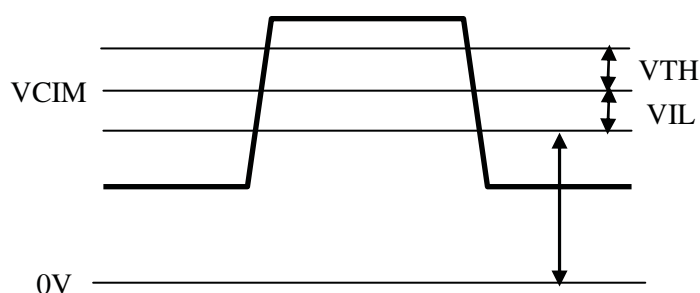
Note :

1. The ripple voltage should be controlled under 10% of V_{CC}
2. V_{CC}=12.0V, $f_v = 60\text{Hz}$, fCLK=81.5Mhz , 25°C , Test Pattern : White Pattern
3. Measurement condition :





4. $V_{CIM} = 1.2V$



5. The performance of the Lamp in LCD panel, for example life time or brightness, is extremely influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC Inverter. So all the parameters of an inverter should be carefully designed as not to produce too much leakage current from high-voltage output of the inverter. When you design or order the inverter, please make sure unwanted lighting caused by the mismatch of the lamp and the inverter (no lighting, flicker, etc) never occurs. After confirmation, the LCD panel should be operated in the same condition as installed in your instrument.
6. Do not attach a conducting tape to lamp connecting wire. If the lamp wire attach to conducting tape, TFT-LCD Module have a low luminance and the inverter has abnormal action because leakage current occurs between lamp wire and conducting tape.
7. The relative humidity must not exceed 80% non-condensing at temperatures of $40^{\circ}C$ or less. At temperatures greater than $40^{\circ}C$, the wet bulb temperature must not exceed $39^{\circ}C$. When operate at low temperatures, the brightness of CCFL will drop and the life time of CCFL will be reduced.



3-2 Interface Connections

- Connector on Panel: JAE FI-RE51S-HF (Manufactured by JAE)

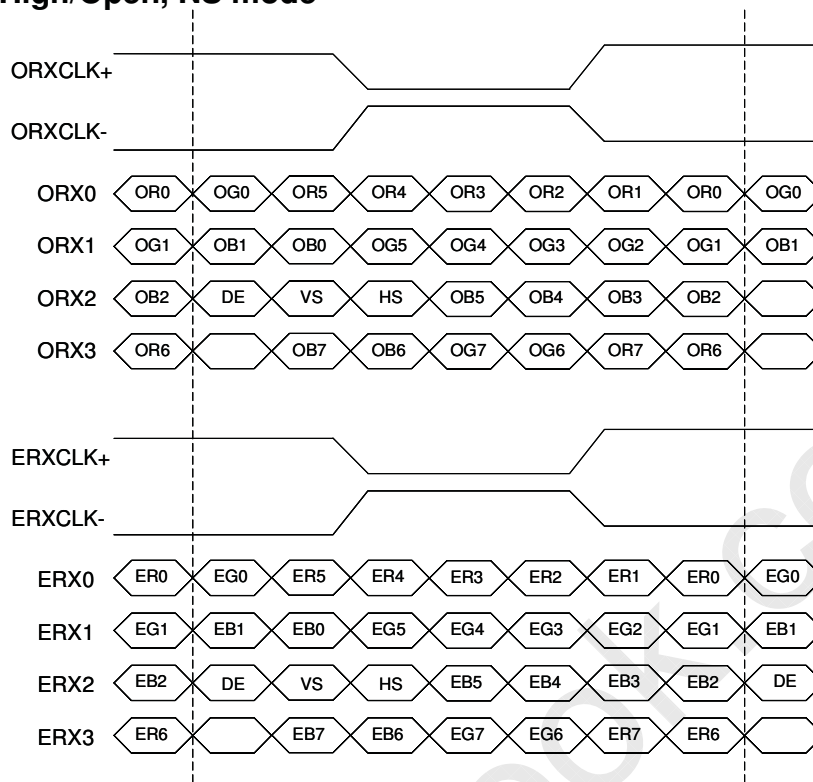
Pin No	Symboal	Description	Pin No	Symboal	Description
1	VCC	+12V, DC, Regulated	27	ERX[1]-	Even LVDS Signal -
2	VCC	+12V, DC, Regulated	28	ERX[1]+	Even LVDS Signal +
3	VCC	+12V, DC, Regulated	29	ERX[2]-	Even LVDS Signal -
4	VCC	+12V, DC, Regulated	30	ERX[2]+	Even LVDS Signal +
5	VCC	+12V, DC, Regulated	31	GND	Ground and Signal Return
6	GND	Ground and Signal Return	32	ERXCLK-	Even LVDS Clock -
7	GND	Ground and Signal Return	33	ERXCLK+	Even LVDS Clock +
8	GND	Ground and Signal Return	34	GND	Ground and Signal Return
9	GND	Ground and Signal Return	35	ERX[3]-	Even LVDS Signal -
10	ORX[0]-	Odd LVDS Signal -	36	ERX[3]+	Even LVDS Signal +
11	ORX[0]+	Odd LVDS Signal +	37	Reserved	Please leave it open
12	ORX[1]-	Odd LVDS Signal -	38	Reserved	Please leave it open
13	ORX[1]+	Odd LVDS Signal +	39	GND	Ground and Signal Return
14	ORX[2]-	Odd LVDS Signal -	40	Reserved	Please leave it open
15	ORX[2]+	Odd LVDS Signal +	41	Reserved	Please leave it open
16	GND	Ground and Signal Return	42	Reserved	Please leave it open
17	ORXCLK-	Odd LVDS Signal -	43	Reserved	Please leave it open
18	ORXCLK+	Odd LVDS Signal +	44	Reserved	Please leave it open
19	GND	Ground and Signal Return	45	LVDS Option	High/Open for Normal (NS), Low for JEIDA
20	ORX[3]-	Odd LVDS Signal -	46	Reserved	Please leave it open
21	ORX[3]+	Odd LVDS Signal +	47	Reserved	Please leave it open
22	Reserved	Please leave it open	48	Reserved	Please leave it open
23	Reserved	Please leave it open	49	Reserved	Please leave it open
24	GND	Ground and Signal Return	50	Reserved	Please leave it open
25	ERX[0]-	Even LVDS Signal -	51	Reserved	Please leave it open
26	ERX[0]+	Even LVDS Signal +			

Note:

1. All GND (ground) pins should be connected together and should also be connected to the LCD's metal frame.
All Vcc (power input) pins should be connected together.
2. For Pin 10, 27 and 28, panel will not damage if negligently connect these pins to high or low



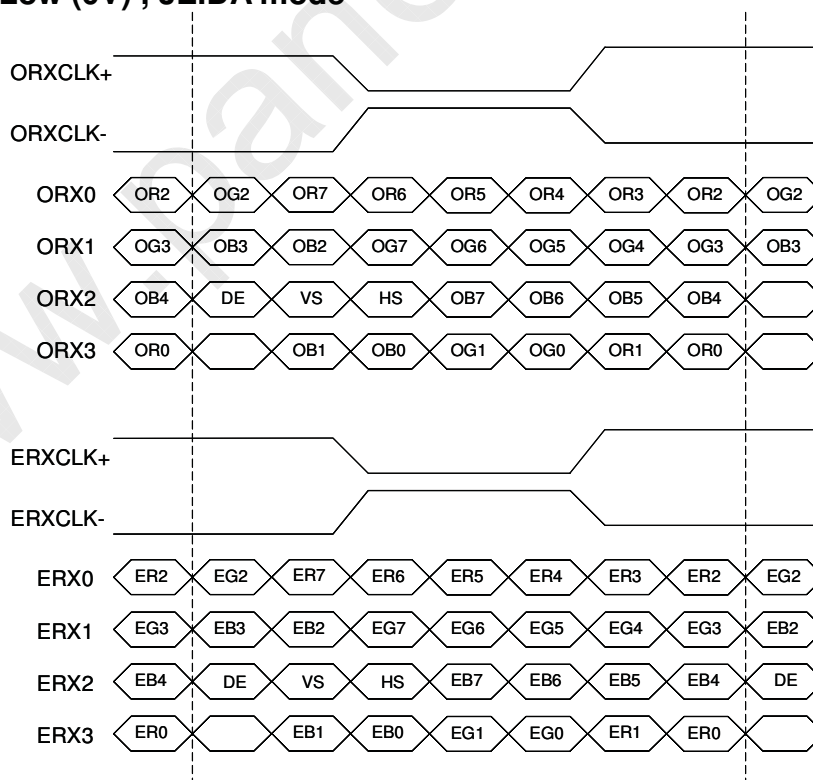
LVDS Option = High/Open, NS mode



Note:

- ◆ Odd data is the first priority.
- ◆ First data is odd.

LVDS Option = Low (0V) , JEIDA mode





3-3 Signal Timing Specifications

This is the signal timing required at the input of the User connector. All of the interface signal timing should be satisfied with the following specifications for it's proper operation.

* Timing Table

DE only Mode

Vertical Frequency:

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Vertical Section	Period	Tv	1090	1125	1480	Th
	Active	Tdisp(v)	1080			Th
	Blanking	Tblk (v)	10	45	400	Th
Horizontal Section	Period	Th	1030	1100	1325	Tclk
	Active	Tdisp(h)	960			Tclk
	Blanking	Tblk (h)	70	140	365	Tclk
LVDS Clock	Frequency	Fclk (1/Tclk)	50	74.25	82	MHz
Vertical Frequency	Frequency	Fv	47	60	63	Hz
Horizontal Frequency	Frequency	Fh	60	67.5	73	kHz

Notes:

1.) Display position is specific by the rise of DE signal only.

Horizontal display position is specified by the falling edge of 1st DCLK right after the rise of ENAB, is displayed on the left edge of the screen.

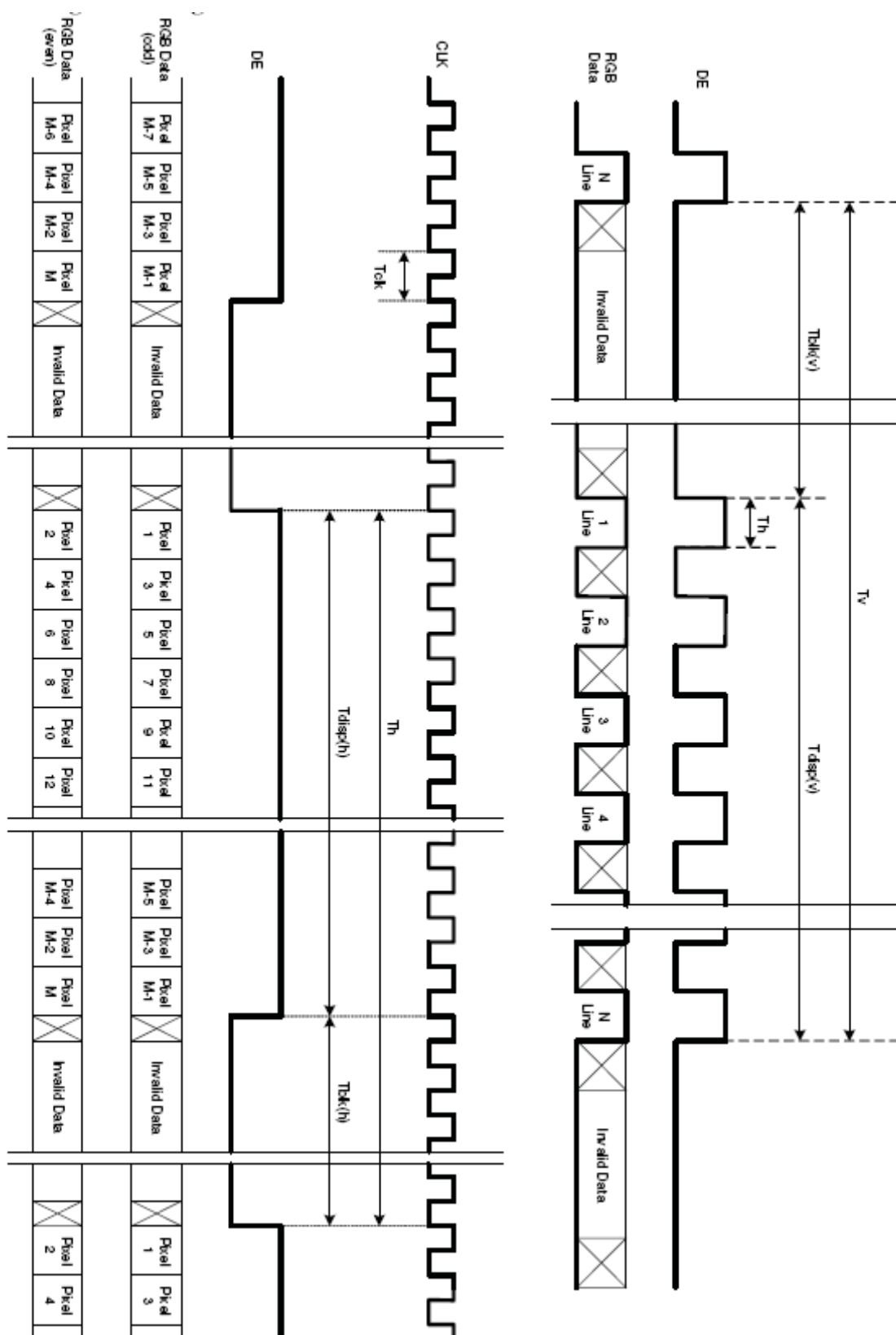
Vertical display position is specified by the rise of DE after a "Low" level period equivalent to eight times of horizontal period. The 1st data corresponding to one horizontal line after the rise the of ENAB is displayed at the top line of screen.

3.) If a period of DEB "High" is less than 1920 DCLK or less than 1080 lines, the rest of the screen displays black.

4.) The display position does not fit to the screen if a period of DE "High" and the effective data period do not synchronize with each other.



3-4 Signal Timing Waveforms



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3-5 Color Input Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8 bit gray scale data input for the color; the higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides a reference for color versus data input.

COLOR DATA REFERENCE

Color		Input Color Data																											
		RED								GREEN								BLUE											
		MSB				LSB				MSB				LSB				MSB				LSB							
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0				
Basic Color	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			
RED	RED(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	RED(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			

	RED(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
	RED(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
GREEN	GREEN(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	GREEN(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				

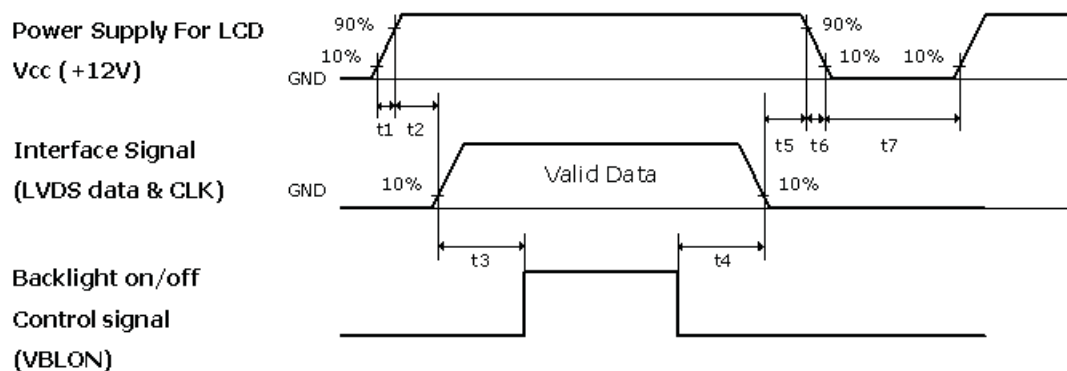
	GREEN(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
	GREEN(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
BLUE	BLUE(000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0			
	BLUE(001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1				

	BLUE(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0				
	BLUE(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1				



3-6 Power Sequence for LCD Module

3.6.1 Power Sequence for LCD



Parameter	Values			Units
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	
t1	0.4	---	30	ms
t2	0.1	---	50	ms
t3	300	---	---	ms
t4	10	---	---	ms
t5	0.1	---	50	ms
t6	---	---	300	ms
t7	500	---	---	ms

Note:

The timing controller will not be damaged in case of TV set AC input power suddenly shut down.

Once power reset, it should follow power sequence as spec. definition.

- (1) Apply the lamp voltage within the LCD operation range. When the back-light turns on before the LCD operation or the LCD turns off before the back-light turns off, the display may momentarily become abnormal screen.



3-7 Backlight Power Specification for LCD Module

3.7.1 Electrical specification

Item	Symb.	Condition	Spec			Unit	Note
			Min	Typ	Max		
Input Voltage	VDDB	---	21.6	24.0	26.4	VDC	
Input Current (Turn on condition)	IDDB	VDDB=24V	--	3.58	3.74	ADC	1
Input Power (Turn on condition)	PDDB	VDDB=24V	--	85.8	89.8	W	1
Input Current (Stable condition)	IDDB	VDDB=24V	3.08	3.25	3.61	ADC	1
Input Power (Stable condition)	PDDB	VDDB=24V	74.1	78.0	81.9	W	1
Inrush Current	IRUSH	VDDB=24V	---	---	6.0	ADC	1,2
On/Off Control Voltage	VBLON	ON	VDDB=24V	2.0	---	VDC	
		OFF	VDDB=24V	0.0	---		
On/Off Control Current	IBLON	VDDB=24V	0.0	---	1.5	mADC	
Dimming Control Voltage	VDIM	MAX	VDDB=24V	---	3.3	VDC	
		MIN	VDDB=24V	---	0.0		
Dimming Control Current	I_DIM	MIN	VDDB=24V	---	1.5	mADC	
Internal Dimming Ratio	DIM_R	---	10	---	100	%	
PWM Function	V_PWM	MAX	---	2.0	---	VDC	
		MIN	---	0.0	---		
External PWM Control Current	I_EPWM	---	---	---	1.5	mADC	
External PWM Ratio (Brightness)	D_EPWM	---	10	---	100	%	3
External PWM Frequency	F_EPWM	---	120	180	240	Hz	

Note 1 : VDIM= 3.3V (MAX)

(Ta=25±5°C, Turn on for 45minutes)

Note 2 : Measurement condition Rising time = 20 ms (VDDB : 10%~90%);

Note 3 : (a) Uniformity and flicker does not guarantee below 20% dimming control

(b) 10% dimming control is function okay and no backlight shut down

Input Pin Assignment

CN1: CI0114M1HRL-LF (Civilux) ; CN2: CO042EP1MFA-LF (Civilux)

Pin No	Symbol	Description	Default
1	VDDB (Main Power)	DV input 24.0 VDC	24V
2	VDDB (Main Power)	DV input 24.0 VDC	24V
3	VDDB (Main Power)	DV input 24.0 VDC	24V
4	VDDB (Main Power)	DV input 24.0 VDC	24V
5	VDDB (Main Power)	DV input 24.0 VDC	24V
6	GND	Ground	GND
7	GND	Ground	GND
8	GND	Ground	GND
9	GND	Ground	GND
10	GND	Ground	GND
11	Reserved	AUO internal use. Please leave it open	--
12	VBLON (Enable Pin)	BL on-off: high/open(3.3 ~ 5V) for BL on, low(GND) for BL off	--
13	VDIM	VDIM: Internal PWM Dimming control signal input (DC 0~3.3V) (3.3V : Maximum brightness, 0V min brightness) < NC ; when External PWM >	--
14	PDIM	PDIM: External PWM Dimming control signal input (AC 0~3.3V, Duty: 5 %~100%) < NC ; when internal PWM >	--

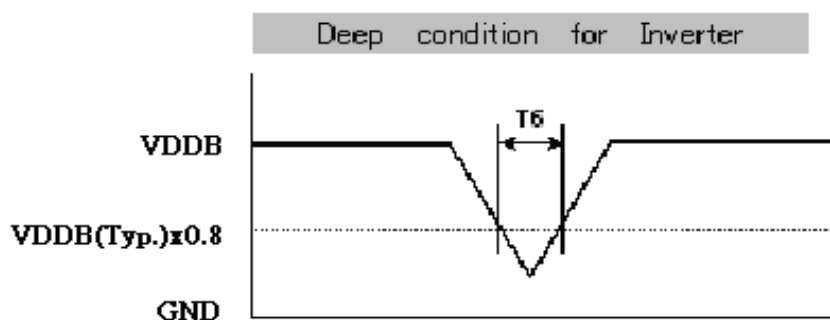
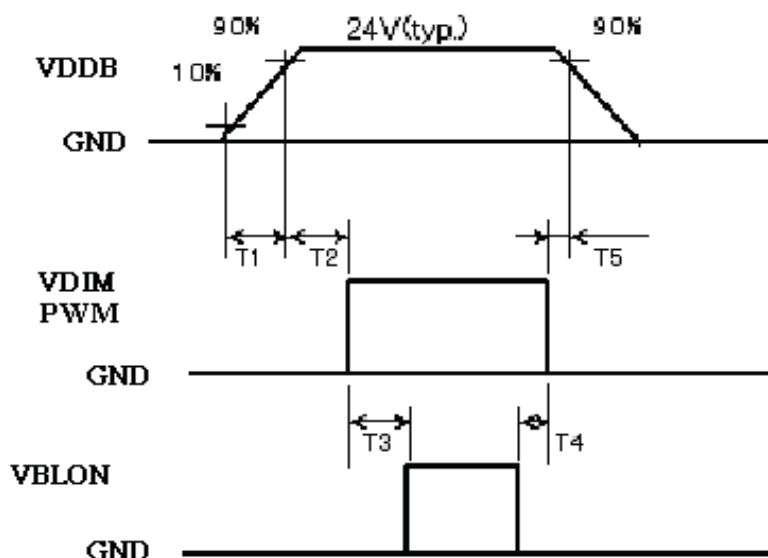
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3.7.2 Power Sequence for Inverter



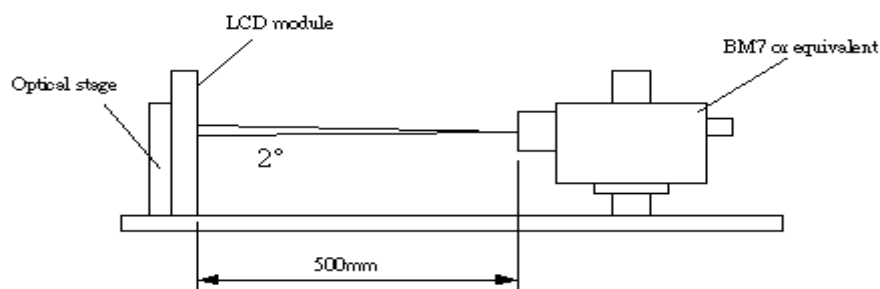
Parameter	Values			Units
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	
T1	20	-	-	Ms
T2	50	-	-	Ms
T3	0	-	-	Ms
T4	0	-	-	Ms
T5	0	-	-	Ms
T6	-	-	10	Ms



4 Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable for approximately 45 minutes in a dark environment at 25°C. The values specified are at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and θ equal to 0°.

Fig.1 1 presents additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.



Parameter		Symbol	Values			Units	Notes
			Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Contrast Ratio		CR	3200	4000			1
Surface Luminance, white		LWH	330	420		cd/m ²	2
Luminance Variation		δ_{WHITE} 9 p			1.30		3
Response time	G to G	T _γ		6.5		ms	4
Color Gamut		NTSC		72		%	
Color Coordinates							
	RED	R _X		0.64			
		R _Y		0.33			
	GREEN	G _X		0.29			
		G _Y	Typ.-0.03	0.60	Typ.+0.03		
	BLUE	B _X		0.15			
		B _Y		0.06			
	WHITE	W _X		0.28			
		W _Y		0.29			
Viewing Angle							
	x axis, right($\phi=0^\circ$)	θ_r		89		degree	5
	x axis, left($\phi=180^\circ$)	θ_l		89			
	y axis, up($\phi=90^\circ$)	θ_u		89			
	y axis, down ($\phi=0^\circ$)	θ_d		89			



Note:

1. Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically as:

$$\text{Contrast Ratio} = \frac{\text{Surface Luminance of } L_{\text{on}5}}{\text{Surface Luminance of } L_{\text{off}5}}$$

Surface luminance is luminance value at point 5 across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. From more information see FIG 2. When $V_{\text{DDB}} = 24\text{V}$, $I_{\text{DDB}} = 5\text{A}$, $L_{\text{WH}} = L_{\text{on}5}$, where $L_{\text{on}5}$ is the luminance with all pixels displaying white at center 5 location..

2. The variation in surface luminance, δ_{WHITE} is defined (center of Screen) as:

$$\delta_{\text{WHITE}(9\text{P})} = \text{Maximum}(L_{\text{on}1}, L_{\text{on}2}, \dots, L_{\text{on}9}) / \text{Minimum}(L_{\text{on}1}, L_{\text{on}2}, \dots, L_{\text{on}9})$$

3. Response time T_{γ} is the average time required for display transition by switching the input signal for five luminance ratio (0%,25%,50%,75%,100% brightness matrix) and is based on $f_v = 60\text{Hz}$ to optimize.

	0%	25%	50%	75%	100%
0%		t0%-25%	t0%-50%	t0%-75%	t0%-100%
25%	t25%-0%		t25%-50%	t25%-75%	t25%-100%
50%	t50%-0%	t50%-25%		t50%-75%	t50%-100%
75%	t75%-0%	t75%-25%	t75%-50%		t75%-100%
100%	t100%-0%	t100%-25%	t100%-50%	t100%-75%	

4. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD surface. For more information see FIG4.

FIG. 2 Luminance

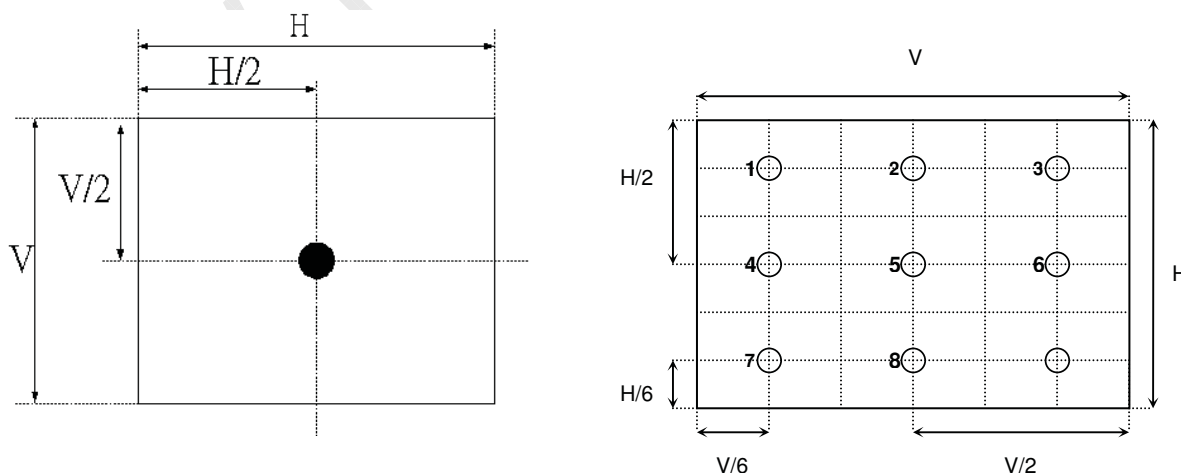
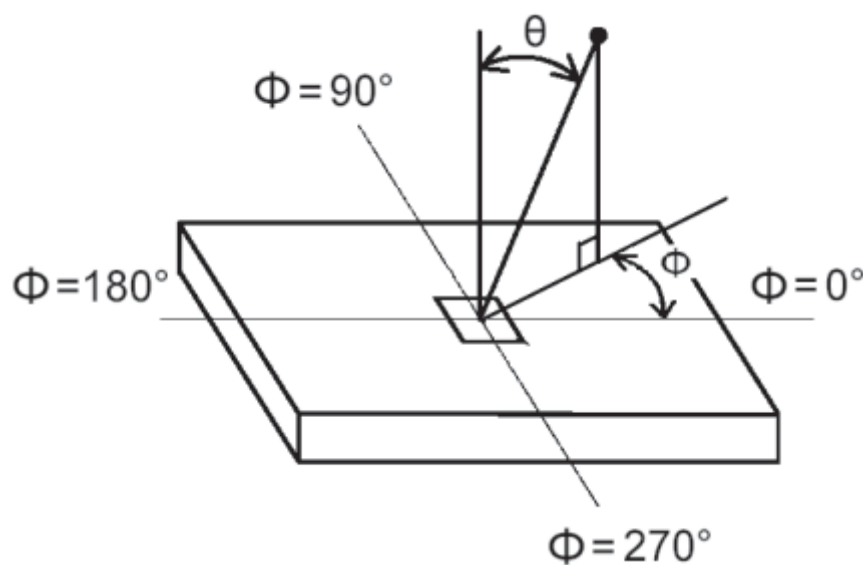




FIG. 3 Viewing angle



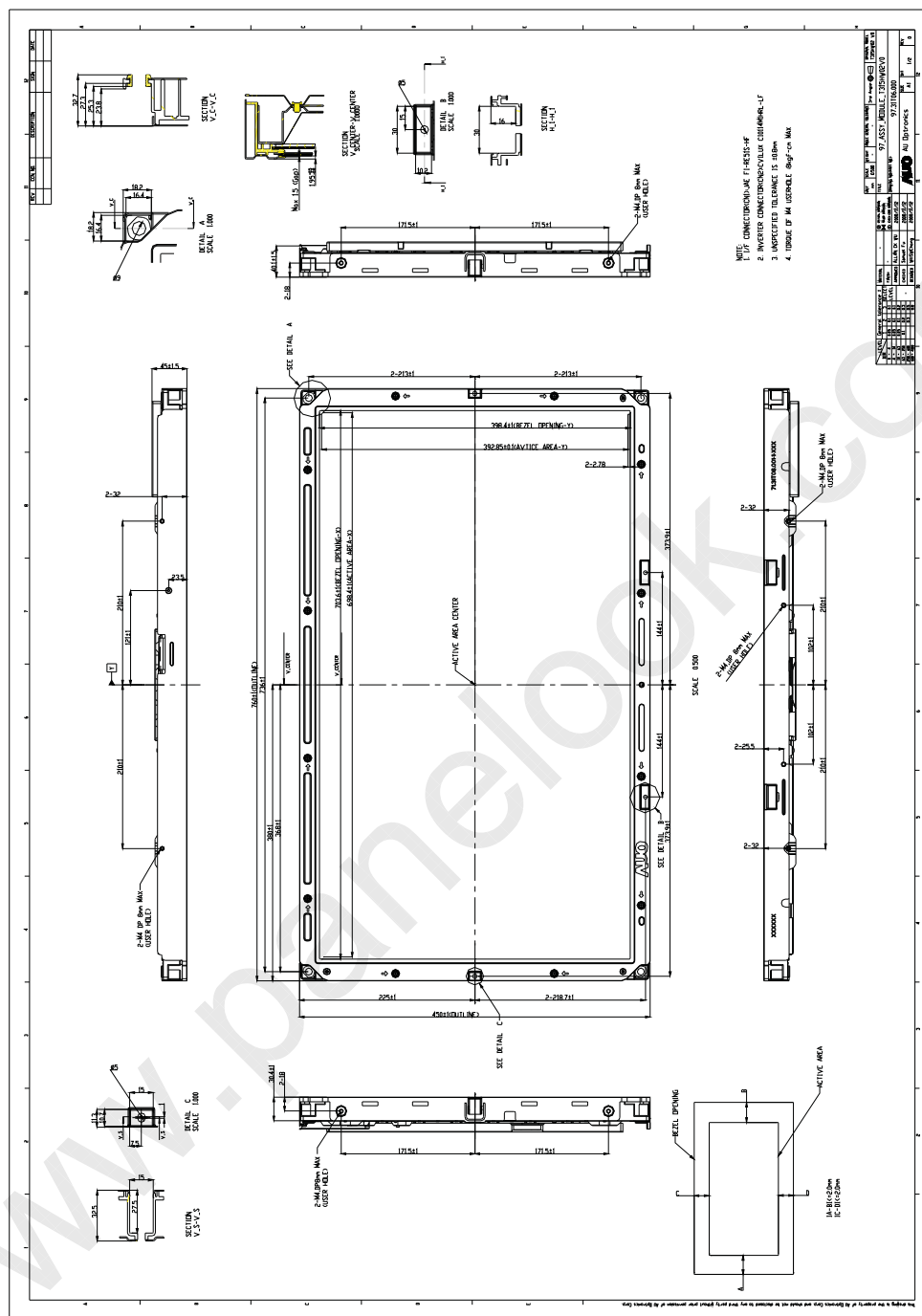


5. Mechanical Characteristics

The contents provide general mechanical characteristics for the model T315HW02 V7. In addition the figures in the next page are detailed mechanical drawing of the LCD.

Outline Dimension	Horizontal	760.0mm
	Vertical	450.0mm
	Depth	45mm
Bezel Opening	Horizontal	703.6mm
	Vertical	398.4mm
Active Display Area	Horizontal	698.4mm
	Vertical	392.85mm
Weight	6500g Typ.	
Surface Treatment	SC, 3H	

Front:



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6. Reliability:

Environment test condition

No	Test Item	Condition
1	High temperature storage test	Ta=60°C 300h
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta=-20°C 300h
3	High temperature operation test	Ta=50°C 300h
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta=-5°C 300h
5	Vibration test (non-operating)	"(10 ~ 300Hz/1.5G/11min SR, XYZ 30min/axis) Vibration level : 1.5G RMS, Bandwidth : 10-300Hz Duration: X, Y, Z 30min, "
6	Shock test (non-operating)	Shock level: 50G Waveform: half sine wave, 11ms Direction: $\pm X$, $\pm Y$, $\pm Z$, one time each direction
7	Vibration test (with carton)	Random wave (1.5 Grms 10~200Hz) 30mins / Per each X.Y.Z axes "
8	Drop test (with carton)	Height: 38cm 1 corner, 3 edges, 6 surfaces (ASTMD4169-I)



7. International Standard

7-1. Safety

- (1) UL 60950-1, UL 60065

Standard for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including electrical Business Equipment.

- (2) IEC 60950-1 : 2001, IEC 60065:2001

Standard for Safety of International Electrotechnical Commission

- (3) EN 60950 : 2001+A11, EN 60065:2002+A1:2006

European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC)

EUROPEAN STANDARD for Safety of Information Technology Equipment Including Electrical Business Equipment.

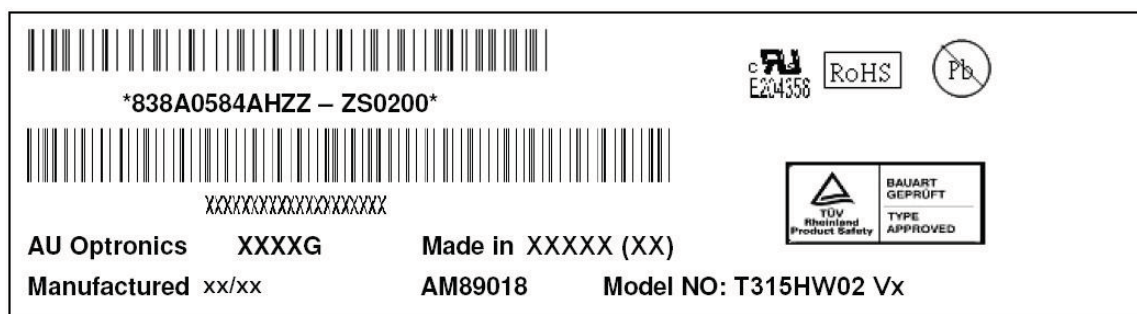
7-2. EMC

- a) ANSI C63.4 “Methods of Measurement of Radio-Noise Emissions from Low-Voltage Electrical and Electrical Equipment in the Range of 9kHz to 40GHz. “American National standards Institute(ANSI), 1992
- b) C.I.S.P.R “Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment.” International Special committee on Radio Interference.
- c) EN 55022 “Limits and Methods of Measurement of Radio Interface Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment.” European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization. (CENELEC), 1998



8. Packing

Panel label:



838A0584AHZ - ZS0200

838A0584AHZZ: Panel Unique ID

ZS0200: AUO internal use

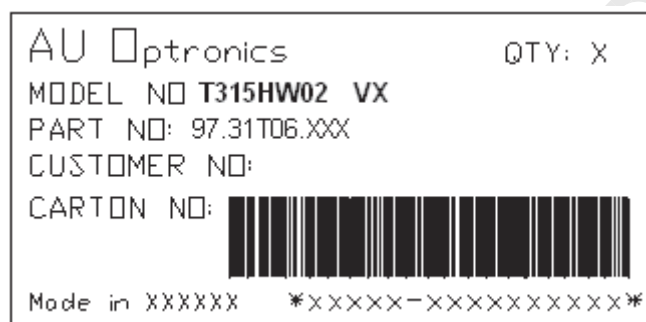
Manufactured 09/02

2009 week 02

AM89018

AUO internal use

Carton Label:



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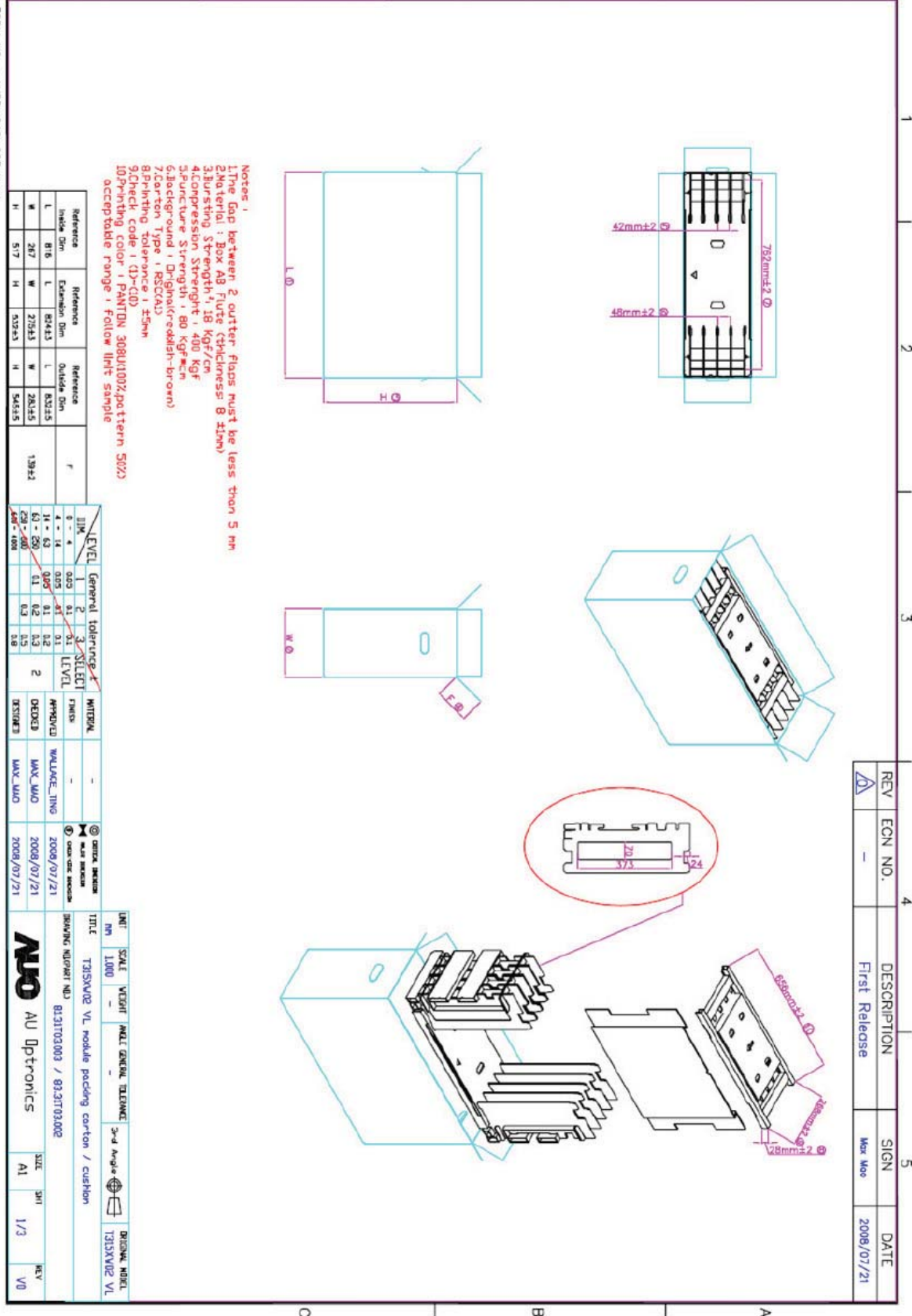
T315HW02 V9 - Spec. Ver 0.1



Carton:

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FORM NO. : AUPD-040-003 Ver.1



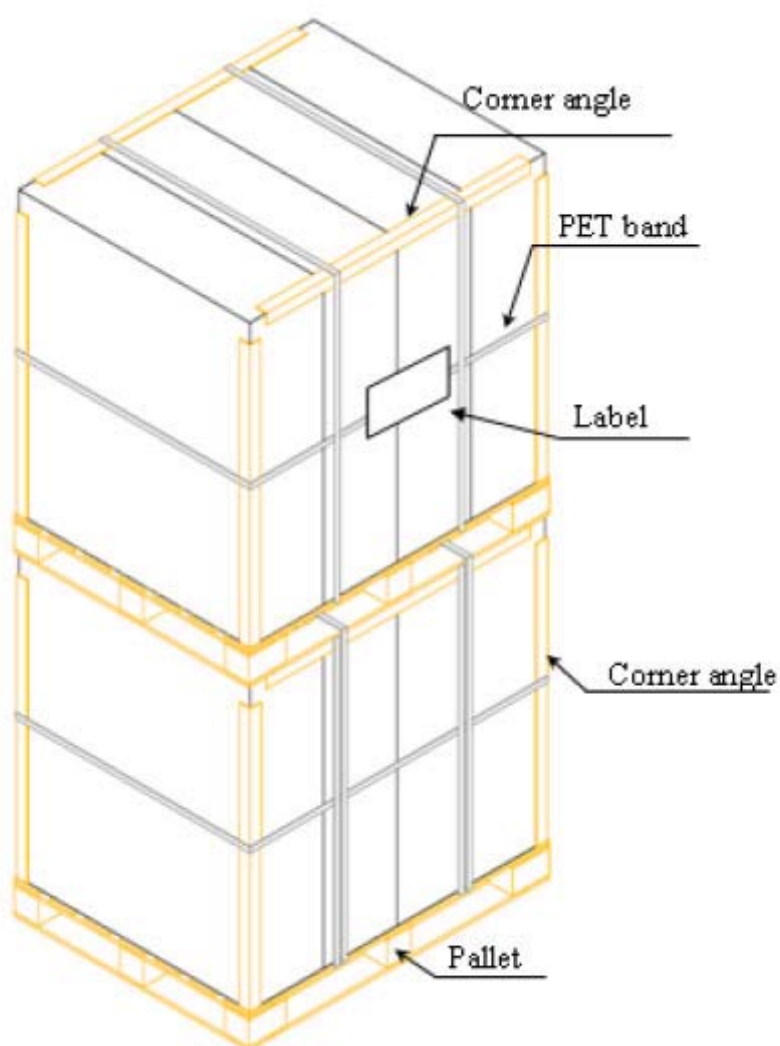
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T315HW02 V9 - Spec. Ver 0.1



	Item	Specification			Packing Remark
		Qty.	Dimension	Weight (kg)	
1	Packing BOX	4pcs/box	832(L)mm*283(W)mm*545(H)mm	30.5	
2	Pallet	1	1150(L)mm*840(W)mm*138(H)mm	13	
3	Boxes per Pallet	8 boxes/Pallet			
4	Panels per Pallet	32pcs/pallet			
	Pallet after packing	32	1150(L)mm*840(W)mm*2460(H)mm	256	





9. PRECAUTIONS

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1 MOUNTING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) You must mount a module using holes arranged in four corners or four sides.
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress) is not applied to module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment. Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer).
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzene. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/ rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer.
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.

9-2 OPERATING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The device listed in the product specification sheets was designed and manufactured for TV application
- (2) The spike noise causes the mis-operation of circuits. It should be lower than following voltage:
 $V=\pm 200\text{mV}$ (Over and under shoot voltage)
- (3) Response time depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes longer..)
- (4) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time (required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer.
- (5) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (6) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (7) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimize the interface.



9-3 ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE CONTROL

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4 PRECAUTIONS FOR STRONG LIGHT EXPOSURE

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5 STORAGE

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object. It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.

9-6 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS FOR PROTECTION FILM

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the Bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the Bezel or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normal-hexane.